## SM5389V

$0-5 \mathrm{~V}$ outdoor aluminum wind speed and direction integrated
sensor

## User Manual

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SM5389V using the standard, easy access to PLC, DCS and other instruments or systems for monitoring wind speed,conductivity state quantities. The internal use of high-precision sensing core and related devices to ensure high reliability and excellent long-term stability,can be customized

RS232,RS485,CAN,4-20mA,DC0~5V10V,ZIGBEE,Lora,WIFI,GPRS and other output methods.

## Technical Parameters

| Technical parameter | Parameter value |
| :--- | :--- |
| Brand | SONBEST |
| Wind speed range | $0 \sim 30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Start wind | $0.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Wind speed accuracy | $\pm 3 \%$ |
| Shell material | aluminum |
| Wind direction range | $0 \sim 360^{\circ}$ |
| Wind direction resolution | $22.5^{\circ}$ |
| Power | DC12~24V 1 A |
| Running temperature | $-40 \sim 80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## Product Selection

Product DesignDC0-5V,DC0-10VMultiple output methods, the products are divided into the following models depending on the output method.

| Product model | output method |
| :--- | :--- |
| SM5389V5 | DC0-5V |
| SM5389V10 | DC0-10V |

Product Size



How to wiring?

RS485

DC0~5V/10V
※Note: When wiring, connect the positive and negative poles of the power supply first, and then connect the signal wire

## Application solution



- DC0~5V/10V ■


GN: PWR-
DC12-24V

■ 4~20mA ■


## 16-DIMENSIONAL MAP OF WIND DIRECTION



## How to use?



## 1. wind speed and DCO-5Vvoltage computing relationship

For example, the range is $0 \sim 30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, the analog output is $0 \sim 5 \mathrm{~V}$ DC0 -5 Vvoltage signal, wind speed and DC0-5Vvoltage The calculation relationship is as shown in the formula: $\mathrm{C}=(\mathrm{A} 2-\mathrm{A} 1)$ * $(\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{B} 1) /(\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{B} 1)+\mathrm{A} 1$, where A2 is wind speed range upper limit, A1 is the lower limit of the range, B2 is DC0-5Vvoltage output range upper limit, B 1 is the lower limit, X is the currently read wind speed value, and C is the calculated DC0-5Vvoltage value. The list of commonly used values is as follows:

| DC0-5Vvoltage $(\mathrm{V})$ | wind speedValue $(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s})$ | Calculation Process |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0.0 | $(30-0)^{\star}(0-0) \div(5-0)+0$ |
| 1 | 6.0 | $(30-0)^{*}(1-0) \div(5-0)+0$ |
| 2 | 12.0 | $(30-0)^{*}(2-0) \div(5-0)+0$ |
| 3 | 18.0 | $(30-0)^{*}(3-0) \div(5-0)+0$ |
| 4 | 24.0 | $(30-0)^{*}(4-0) \div(5-0)+0$ |
| 5 | 30.0 | $(30-0)^{*}(5-0) \div(5-0)+0$ |

As shown in the above formula, when measuring 2.5 V , current DC0-5Vvoltage is $15 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ 。

## 2. conductivity and DCO-5Vvoltage computing relationship

For example, the range is $0 \sim 360^{\circ}$, the analog output is $0 \sim 5 \mathrm{~V} D C 0-5 \mathrm{~V}$ voltage signal, conductivity and DC0-5Vvoltage The calculation relationship is as shown in the formula: $\mathrm{C}=(\mathrm{A} 2-\mathrm{A} 1)$ * $(\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{B} 1) /(\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{B} 1)+\mathrm{A} 1$, where A2 is conductivity range upper limit, A 1 is the lower limit of the range, B 2 is $\mathrm{DCO}-5 \mathrm{~V}$ voltage output range upper limit, B 1 is the lower limit, X is the currently read conductivity value, and C is the calculated DC0-5Vvoltage value. The list of commonly used values is as follows:

| DC0-5Vvoltage $(\mathrm{V})$ | conductivityValue $\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ | Calculation Process |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0.0 | $(360-0)^{\star}(0-0) \div(5-0)+0$ |
| 1 | 72.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(1-0) \div(5-0)+0$ |
| 2 | 144.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(2-0) \div(5-0)+0$ |
| 3 | 216.0 | $(360-0)^{\star}(3-0) \div(5-0)+0$ |
| 4 | 288.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(4-0) \div(5-0)+0$ |
| 5 | 360.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(5-0) \div(5-0)+0$ |

As shown in the above formula，when measuring 2.5 V ，current DC0－5Vvoltage is $180^{\circ}$ 。

## 1．wind speed and DCO－10Vvoltage computing relationship

For example，the range is $0 \sim 30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ ，the analog output is $0 \sim 10 \mathrm{~V}$ DC0－10Vvoltage signal，wind speed and DC0－10Vvoltage The calculation relationship is as shown in the formula： $\mathrm{C}=(\mathrm{A} 2-\mathrm{A} 1)^{*}(\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{B} 1) /(\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{B} 1)$ +A 1 ，where A2 is wind speed range upper limit， A 1 is the lower limit of the range，B2 is DC0－10Vvoltage output range upper limit， B 1 is the lower limit， X is the currently read wind speed value，and C is the calculated DC0－10Vvoltage value．The list of commonly used values is as follows：

| DC0－10Vvoltage $(\mathrm{V})$ | wind speedValue（m／s） | Calculation Process |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0.0 | $(30-0)^{\star}(0-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 1 | 3.0 | $(30-0)^{*}(1-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 2 | 6.0 | $(30-0)^{*}(2-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 3 | 9.0 | $(30-0)^{*}(3-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 4 | 12.0 | $(30-0)^{*}(4-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 5 | 15.0 | $(30-0)^{*}(5-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 6 | 18.0 | $(30-0)^{*}(6-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 7 | 21.0 | $(30-0)^{\star}(7-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 8 | 24.0 | $(30-0)^{\star}(8-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 9 | 27.0 | $(30-0)^{*}(9-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 10 | 30.0 | $(30-0)^{*}(10-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |

As shown in the above formula，when measuring 5 V ，current $\mathrm{DCO}-10 \mathrm{~V}$ voltage is $15 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ 。

## 2．conductivity and DCO－10Vvoltage computing relationship

For example，the range is $0 \sim 360^{\circ}$ ，the analog output is $0 \sim 10 \mathrm{~V}$ DC0－10Vvoltage signal，conductivity and DC0－10Vvoltage The calculation relationship is as shown in the formula： $\mathrm{C}=(\mathrm{A} 2-\mathrm{A} 1)$＊（X－B1）／（B2－B1） ＋A1，where A2 is conductivity range upper limit，A1 is the lower limit of the range，B2 is DC0－10Vvoltage output range upper limit， B 1 is the lower limit， X is the currently read conductivity value，and C is the calculated DCO－10Vvoltage value．The list of commonly used values is as follows：

| DC0－10Vvoltage $(\mathrm{V})$ | conductivityValue $\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ | Calculation Process |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(0-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 1 | 36.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(1-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 2 | 72.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(2-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 3 | 108.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(3-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 4 | 144.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(4-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 5 | 180.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(5-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 6 | 216.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(6-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 7 | 252.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(7-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 8 | 288.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(8-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 9 | 324.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(9-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |
| 10 | 360.0 | $(360-0)^{*}(10-0) \div(10-0)+0$ |

As shown in the above formula，when measuring 5 V ，current DC0－10Vvoltage is $180^{\circ}$ 。

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